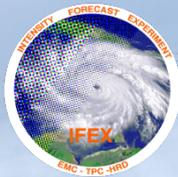


Necessary and Sufficient Conditions for Tropical Cyclogenesis: Will we get answer from GRIP-PREDICT-IFEX?



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The University of Utah

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NSF/NCAR PREDICT: Pre-Depression Interinvestigation of Cloud Systems in the Tropics (**P**)
NASA GRIP: Genesis and Rapid Intensification Processes (**G**)
NOAA IFEX: Intensity Forecast Experiment (**I**)

Coincident and consecutive flights provides a high *temporal* and spatial resolution dataset of tropical cyclogenesis and rapid intensification events

1. Describe the time evolution of inner core thermodynamic properties (*All PGI Cases + previous years*)
2. Describe the relationship between deep convective episodes and the time evolution of the thermodynamic characteristics of the developing inner core (*Karl and Matthew*)
 - Is the developing disturbance moistened as a result of deep convection?
 - What ultimately determines the fate of the disturbance?

Synthesize in-situ (dropsonde) data from all P-G-I and USAF aircraft, conventional IR data, as well data from numerous passive microwave instruments

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1. Describe the time evolution of inner core thermodynamic properties (*All PGI Cases + previous years*)
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Data and Methodology

Manually tracked 925, 850, 700, 600 hPa vorticity maxima (VM)

In NCEP FNL analysis

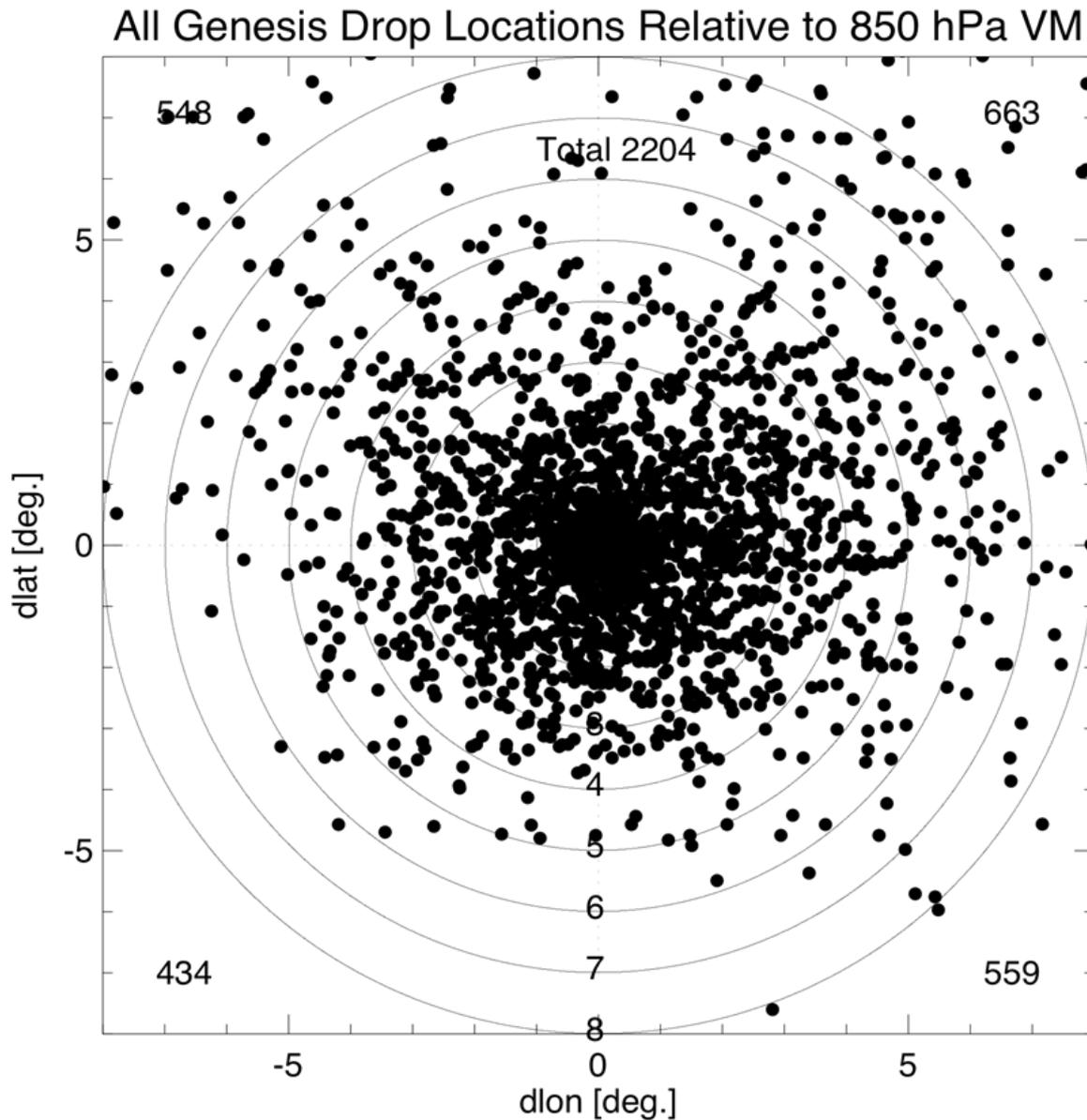
– all analyses based on 850 hPa VM

1. Dropsonde Dataset

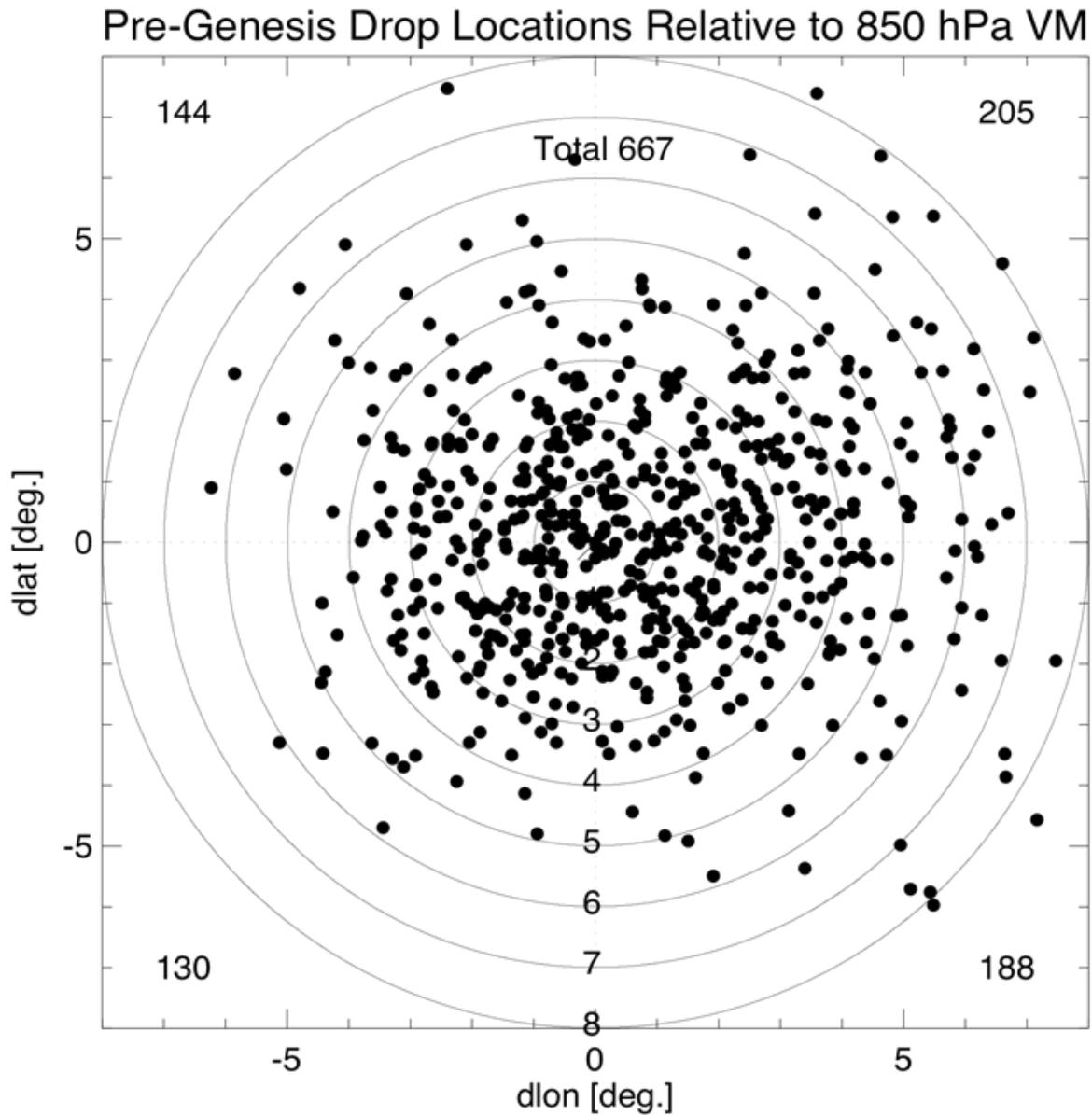
- All 1700 PGI and USAF drops included – both DEV & NDEV
- Also: Gert (2005), Nuri (2008), Fay (2008), Kyle (2010), Danny (2009), TD02 (2010), Bonnie (2010)...and more to come.
- **TOTAL: 2546**
- Interpolated to 17 pressure levels
- All drops before/after genesis included
- p , z , T , T_d , T_v , θ , θ_e , θ_v , θ_{es} , RH, w , w_s , q , u-, v-wind, wind dir/spd
- Time before/after genesis (NHC TD classification)
- Radial distance from 850 hPa VM (pouch) center
- Includes coincident NCEP FNL model analysis and NCEP/NCAR reanalysis profile – time/space correction with zonal phase speed of wave

How well does the model (re)-analysis represent the genesis environment?

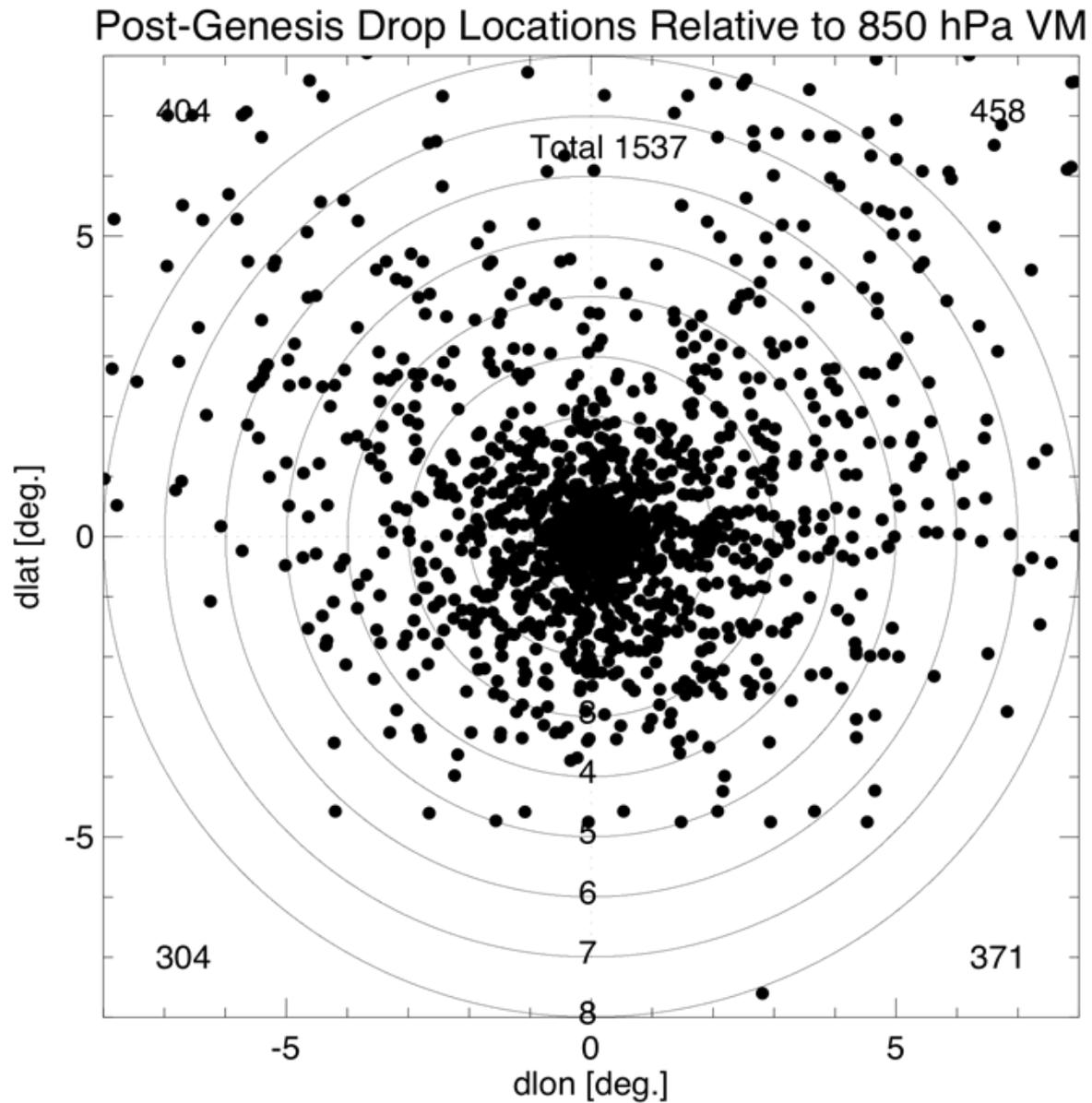
Data and Methodology



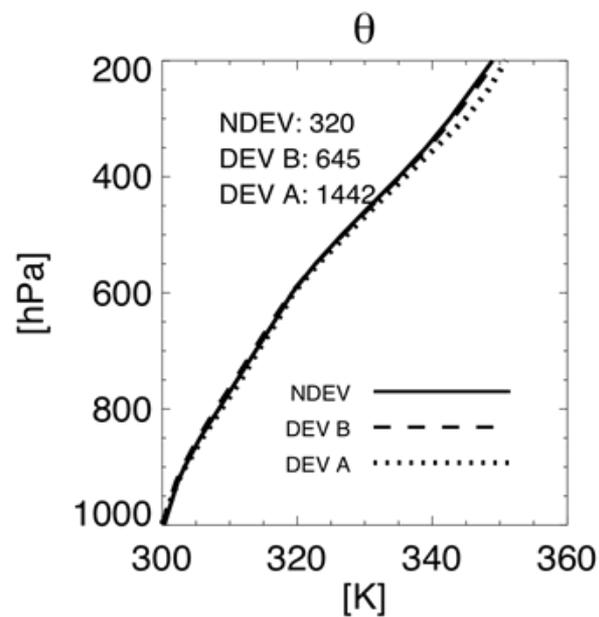
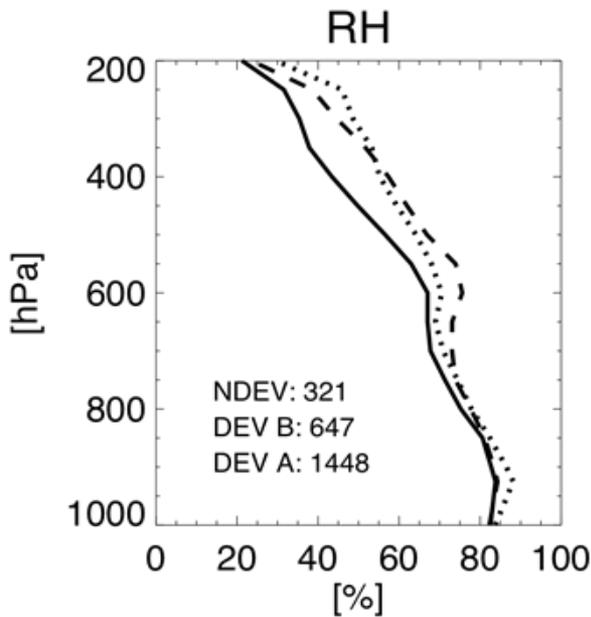
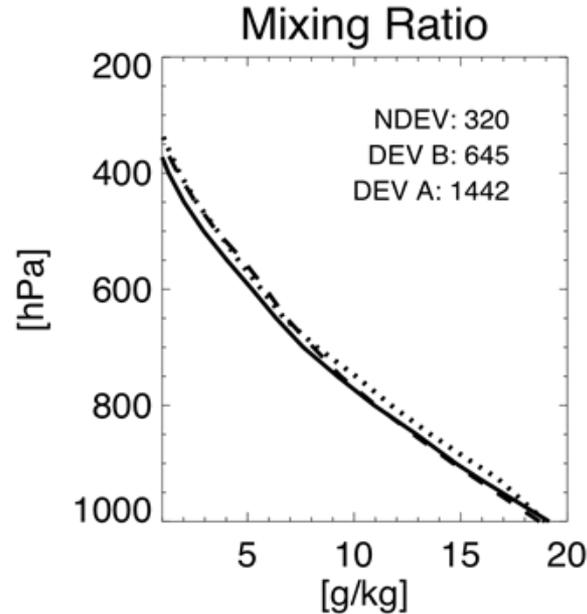
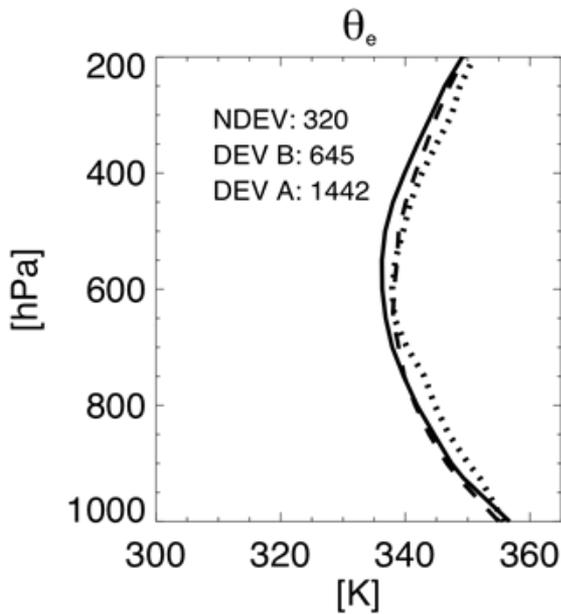
Data and Methodology



Data and Methodology



Developing vs. Non-developing



Moisture

- DEV B and DEV A have higher midlevel θ_e – *moisture* – than NDEV
- DEV A has higher low level θ_e – *moisture* – than DEV B & NDEV

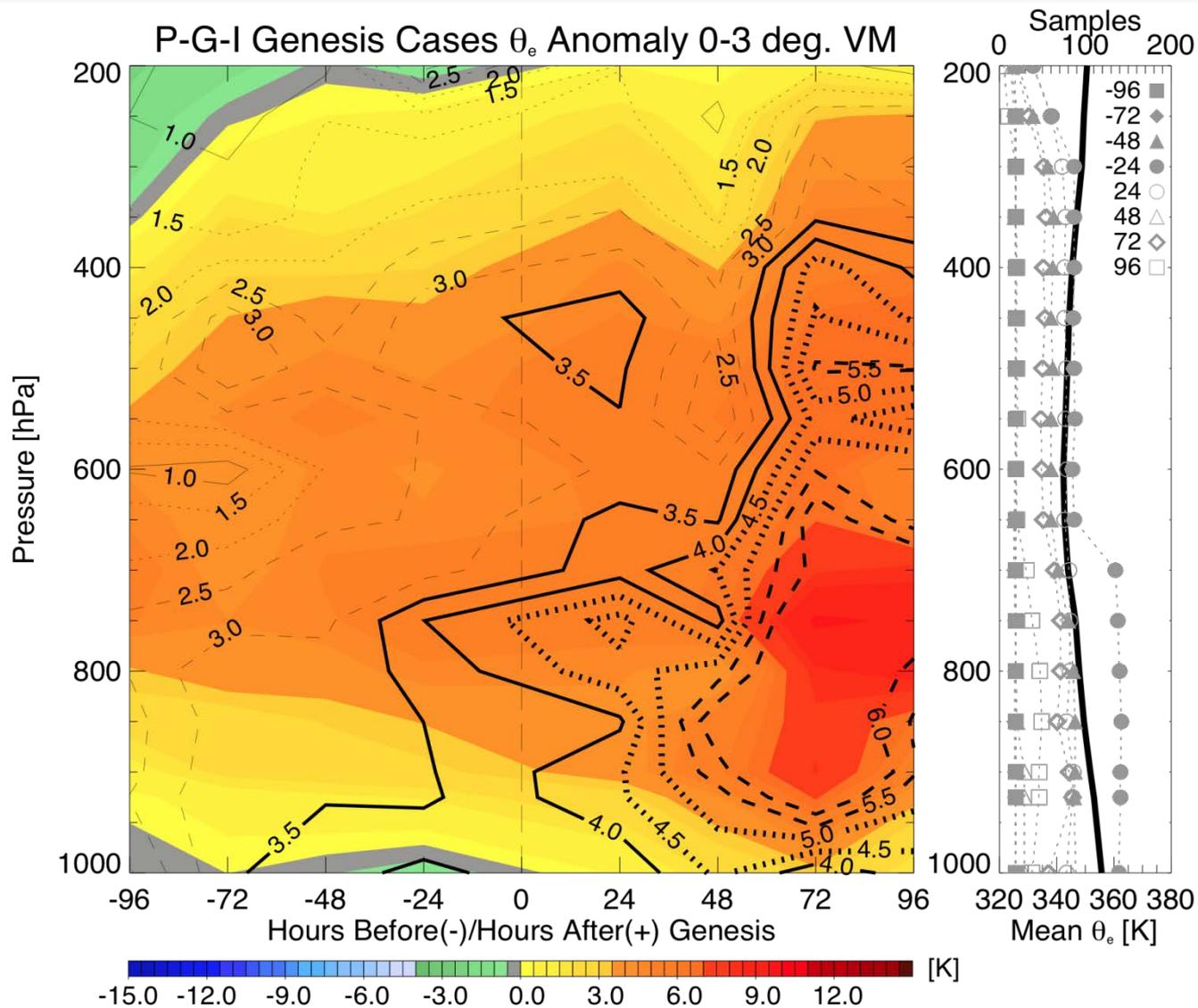
RH

- NDEV has lower RH at mid-levels than DEV B & DEV A

Temperature

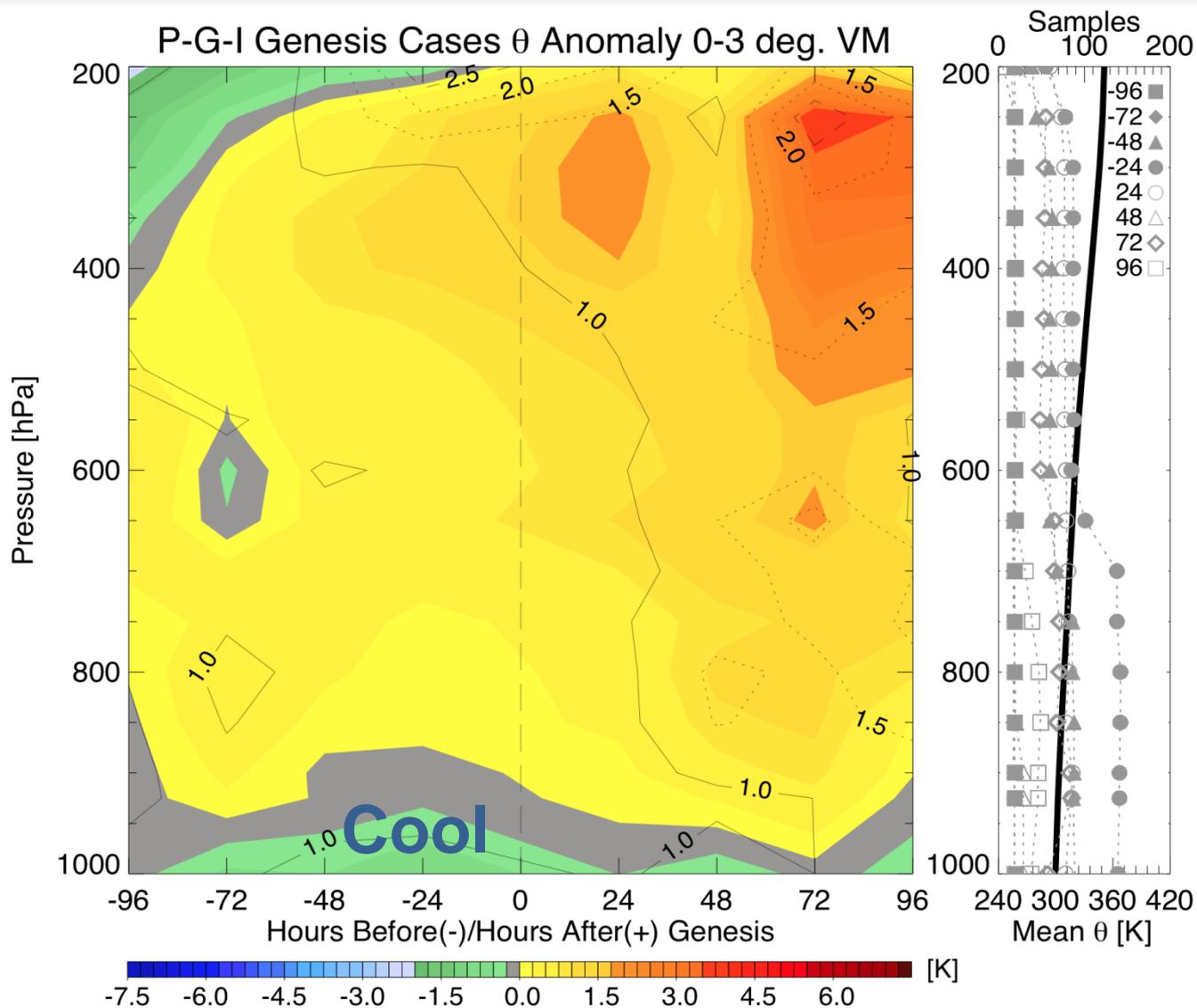
- Little difference b/w DEV & NDEV; DEV B slightly cooler at low-levels

Anomaly: Mean Inner Core – Mean of Environmental (3-7°) Soundings from all PGI Flights

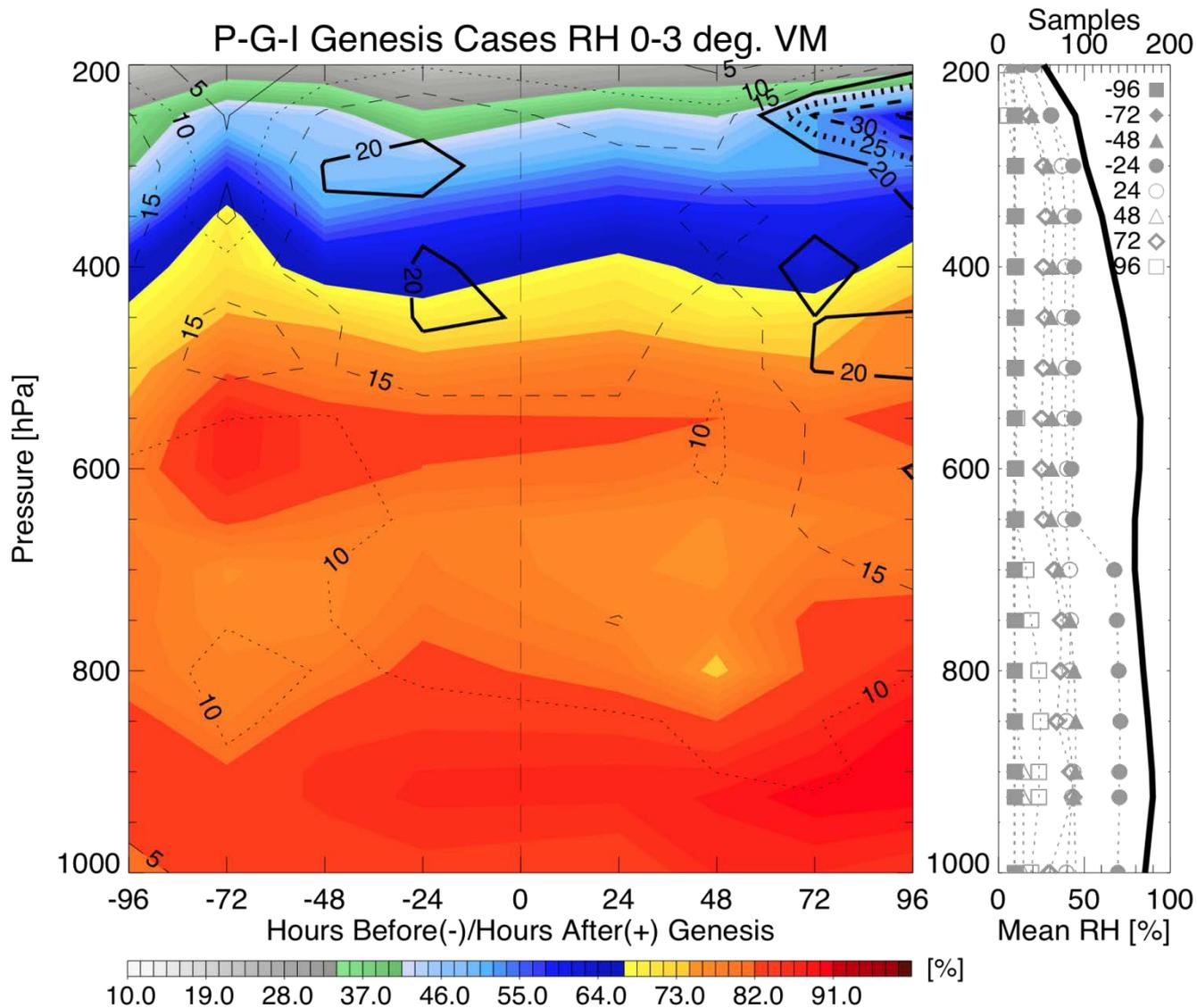


Midlevel θ_e is higher than the environment and will increase slightly each day;
very little increase at low-levels

Anomaly: Mean Inner Core – Mean of Environmental (3-7°) Soundings from all PGI Flights



Warm core is developing at mid- to upper-levels as many as 3 days before formation
 Increase in θ_e anomaly at mid-levels is attributed to a small increase in moisture



No noticeable increase in relative humidity during the formation process at mid-levels;
only a slight increase at low-levels

Summary and Conclusions

- Developing disturbances exhibit greater moisture and RH at *mid-levels* than non-developing disturbances
- The developing inner core exhibits greater θ & θ_e (moisture) than the surrounding environment; warm core seen up to 3 days prior to genesis
 - wvMR increases 1-2 g/kg at mid-levels prior to formation
- Once the inner core is moist, diurnal convection does little to further increase inner core moisture in the *pre-cursor* disturbance (i.e., there is little evidence to support ‘progressive moistening’)
- For genesis, wave vorticity must be predominately from *curvature*
- VM & pouch must be *vertically aligned*
- *May be that the combination of these conditions occur less frequently*

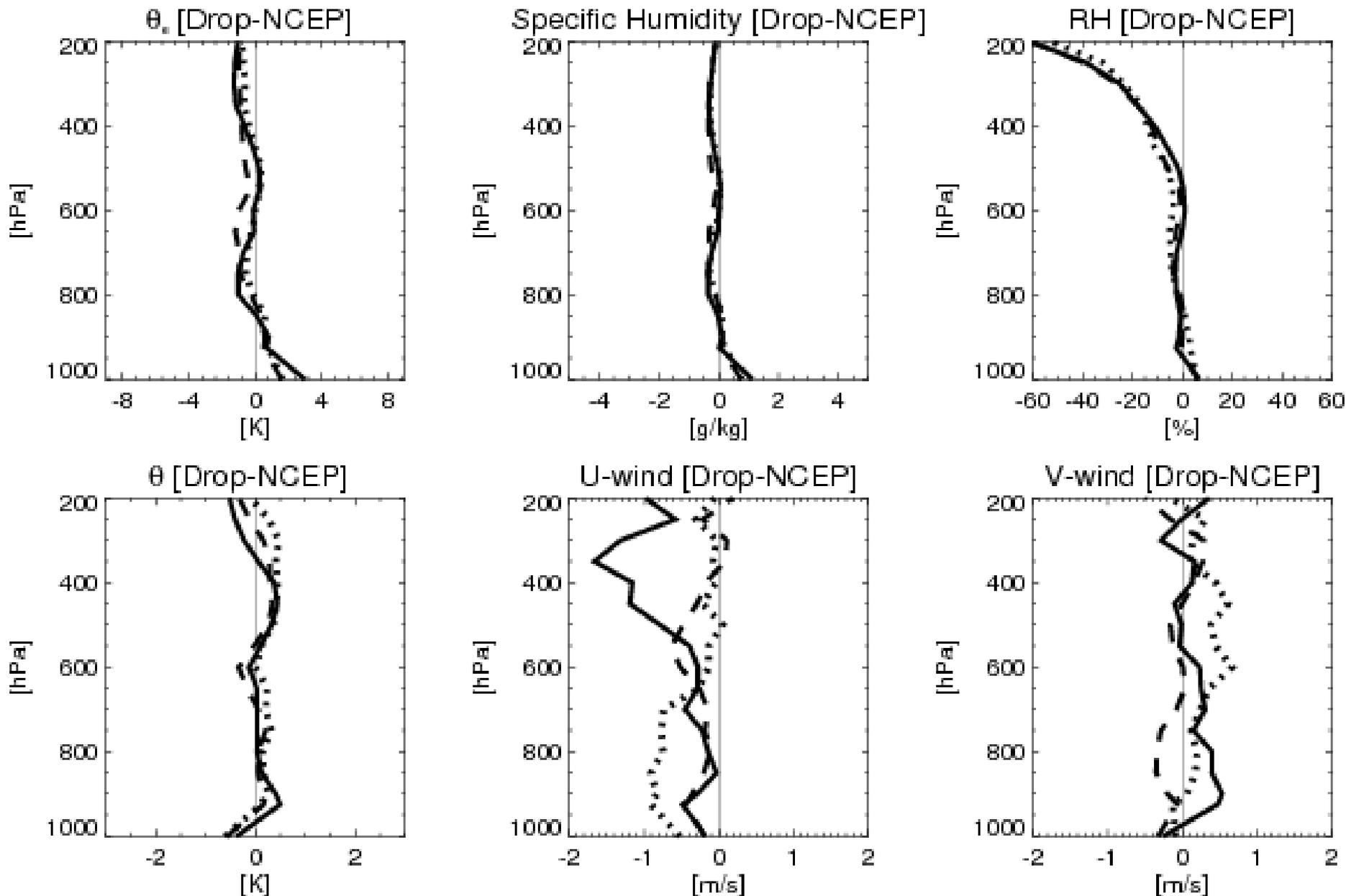
Summary and Conclusions

Necessary and Sufficient Conditions for Tropical Cyclogenesis:

Will we get answer from GRIP-PREDICT-IFEX?

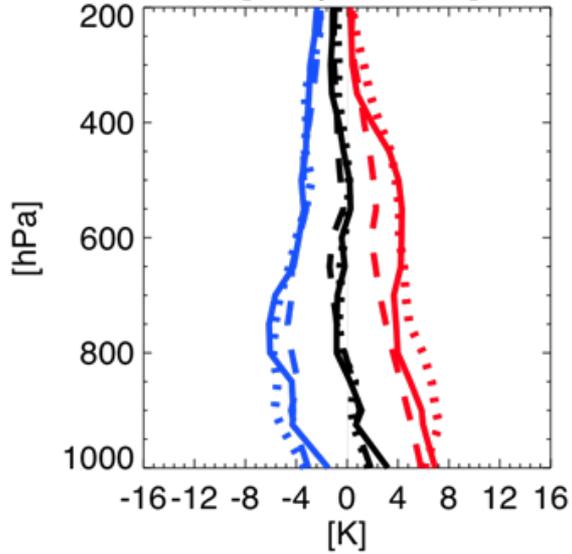
**MULTIPLE PATHWAYS TO TROPICAL
CYCLOGENESIS**

Dropsonde-NCEP FNL

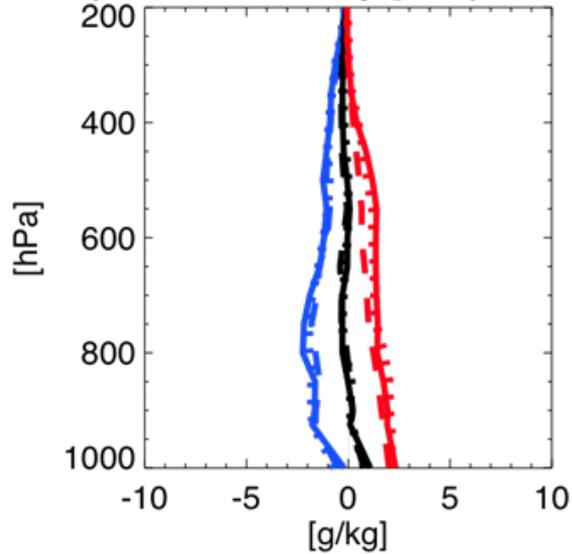


Dropsonde-NCEP FNL

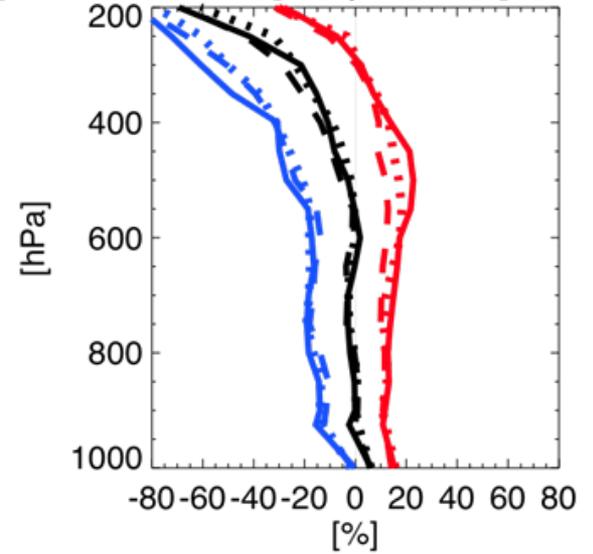
θ_e [Drop-NCEP]



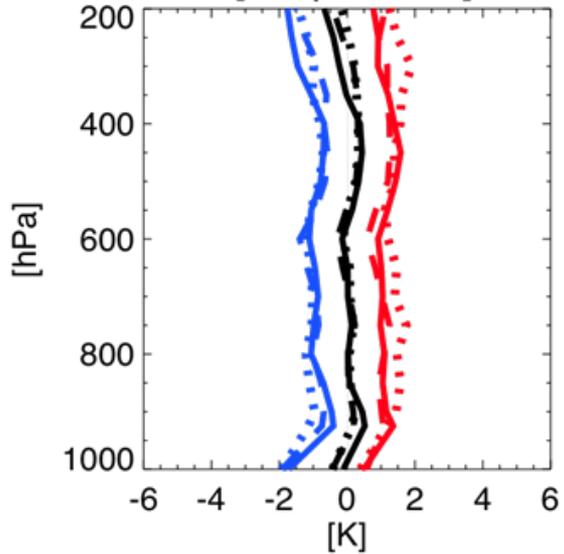
Specific Humidity [Drop-NCEP]



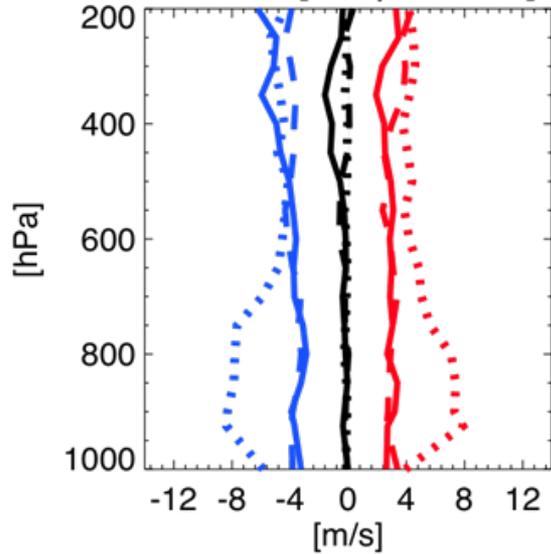
RH [Drop-NCEP]



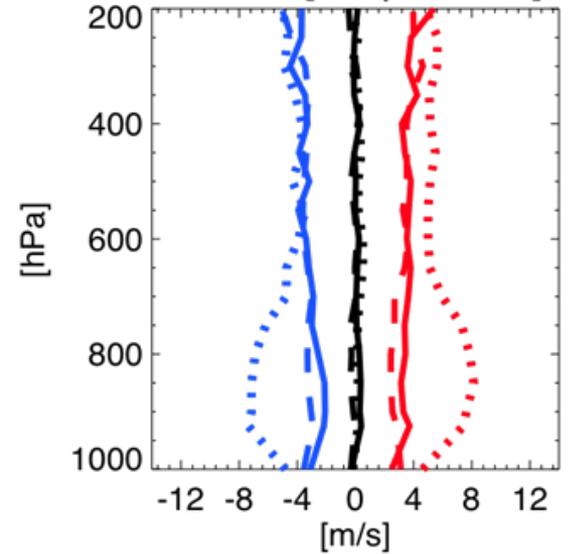
θ [Drop-NCEP]



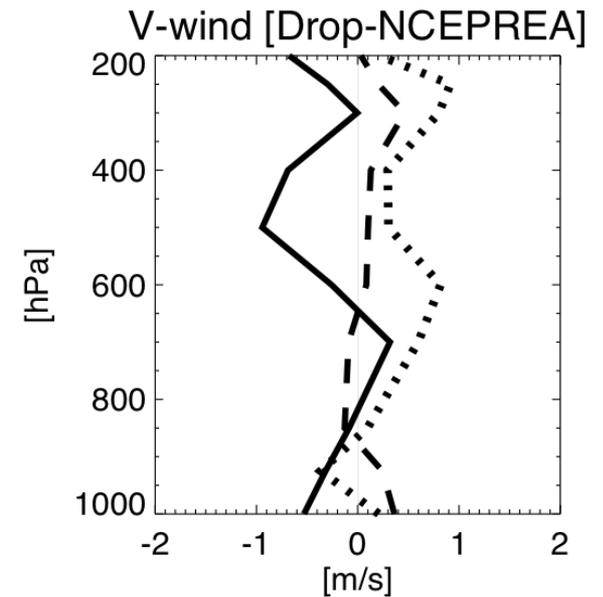
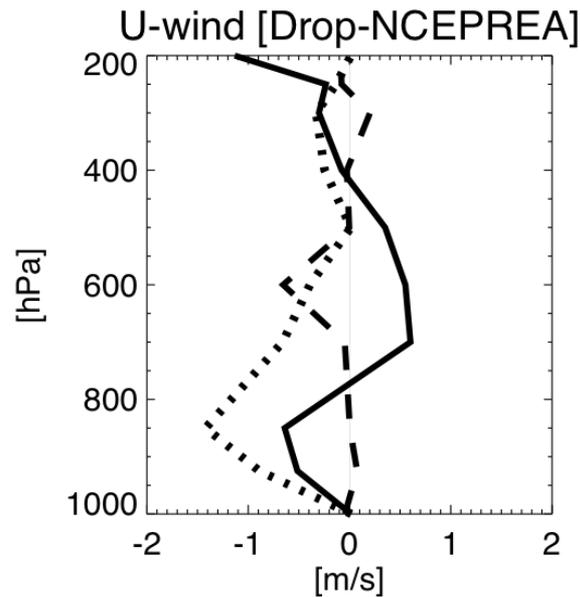
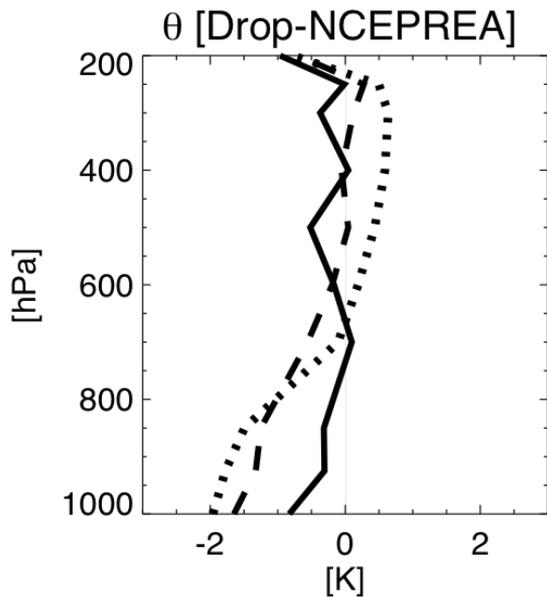
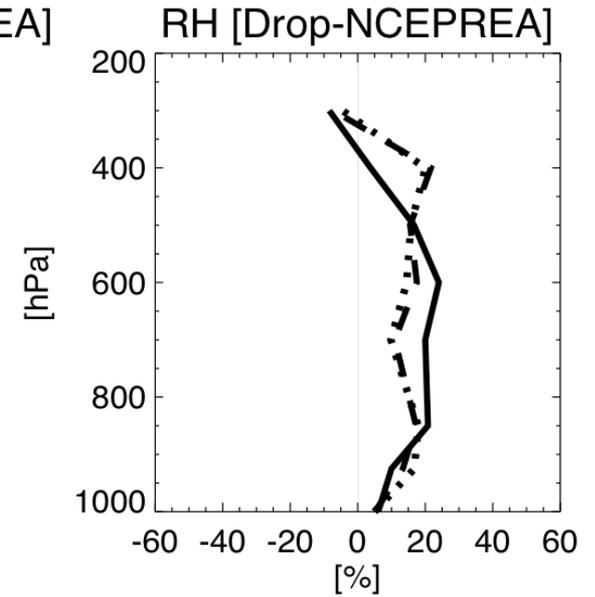
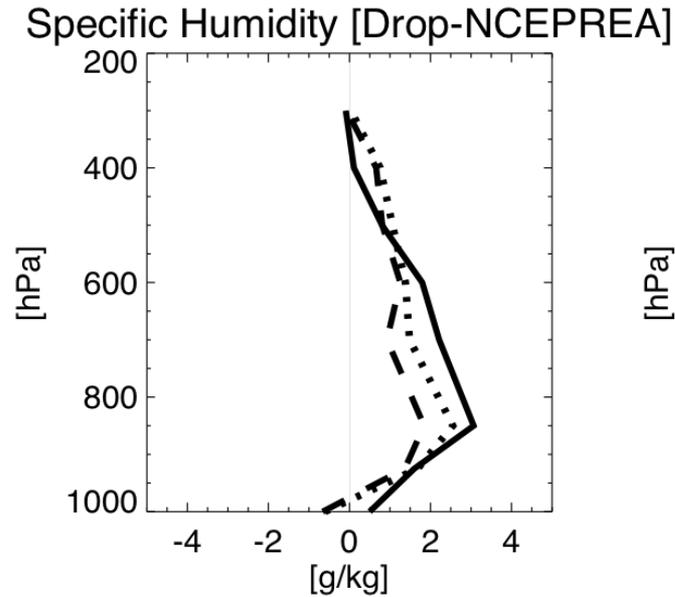
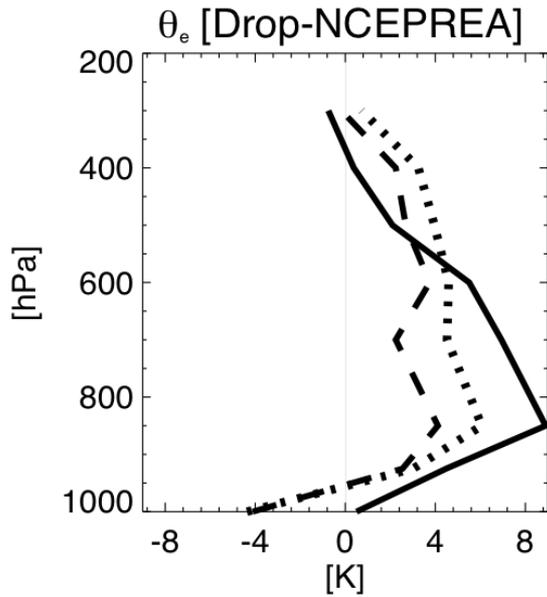
U-wind [Drop-NCEP]



V-wind [Drop-NCEP]



Dropsonde-NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis



Dropsonde-NCEP/NCAR Reanalysis

